CHEM C220L: Organic Chemistry A Lab

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CHEM C220L: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY A LAB

Item

Curriculum Committee Approval

Date

Top Code

Units Hours

Total Outside of Class Hours

Course Credit Status

Material Fee Basic Skills Repeatable Grading Policy

Local General Education (GE)

California General Education Transfer Curriculum (Cal-GETC)

Intersegmental General Education Transfer Curriculum (IGETC)

California State University General Education Breadth (CSU GE-Breadth)

Value

10/17/2008

190500 - Chemistry, General

2 Total Units

108 Total Hours (Lab Hours 108)

0

Credit: Degree Applicable (D)

No

Not Basic Skills (N)

No

Standard Letter (S)

- CL Option 1 Natural Sciences (CB1)
- Cal-GETC 5C Laboratory Activity
 (50)
- IGETC 5C Laboratory Activity (5C)
- · CSU B3 Laboratory Activity (B3)

Course Description

Formerly: CHEM C221. The laboratory component of Organic Chemistry A emphasizes basic organic chemistry theory and the techniques of separation, purification, synthesis, and analysis of organic compounds, including chromatography and instrumental methods, such as infrared and nuclear magnetic spectroscopy. PREREQUISITE: CHEM C185. COREQUISITE: CHEM C220. Transfer Credit: CSU; UC. C-ID: CHEM 150, CHEM 160 S.C-ID: CHEM 150, CHEM 160 S.

Course Level Student Learning Outcome(s)

- Use logic and critical analysis to interpret data produced from infrared spectroscopy.
- Employ common techniques in organic chemistry, including melting points, recrystallization, distillation, extraction, polarimetry, thinlayer, gas and column chromatography, and infrared and NMR spectroscopy.
- Interpret infrared, 1H and 13C NMR spectra or mass spectrographs of an organic compounds.
- Collect, record, and critically analyze scientific data and effectively communicate observations and conclusions using a laboratory notebook and written laboratory reports.

Course Objectives

- 1. Perform organic chemistry laboratory experiments in an efficient, safe, and effective manner.
- 2. Provide reasonable formulations of compounds from their infrared, 1H, and 13C NMR spectra and assign and explain the signals in these spectra.

Lecture Content

Safety Writing Laboratory reports Melting point Recrystallization Extraction Thin layer chromatography Column chromatography Distillation/Simple fractional distillation Nucleophillic Substitution: relative reactivities Elimination reactions Synthesis of an Ester/ a Carboxylic Acid Dehydration of Alcohol Extraction and purification of natural products Spectroscopy: UV, IR, NMR

Lab Content

Laboratory safety Awareness and use of hazardous compounds
Techniques: Melting and boiling points Crystallization Extraction
Filtration Distillation Polarimetry Infrared Spectroscopy Refractive
Index Thin Layer Chromatography Column Chromatography Vacuum
Sublimation Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectroscopy

Method(s) of Instruction

- · Lecture (02)
- · DE Live Online Lecture (02S)
- DE Online Lecture (02X)
- · Lab (04)
- · DE Live Online Lab (04S)
- DE Online Lab (04X)

Instructional Techniques

Demonstration Hands-on Laboratory Activities Simulations Video demonstrations

Reading Assignments

Pre-Lab exercises Post-Lab exercises

Out-of-class Assignments

Laboratory Reports

Demonstration of Critical Thinking

All of the laboratory reports and quizzes will require problem solving strategies; some require explanations of reaction mechanisms.

Required Writing, Problem Solving, Skills Demonstration

Completion of Lab assignments.

Eligible Disciplines

Chemistry: Masters degree in chemistry OR bachelors degree in chemistry or biochemistry AND masters degree in biochemistry, chemical engineering, chemical physics, physics, molecular biology, or geochemistry OR the equivalent. Masters degree required.

Textbooks Resources

1. Required Pavia, Donald L., Lampman, Gary M., Kriz, George S., Engel, Randall G. A Microscale Approach to Organic Laboratory Techniques, 6th ed. Cengage Learning, 2018

Other Resources

1. Coastline Library